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Deliberative process privilege

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From: john.coleman [mailto:]
Sent: Tuesday, July 02, 2013 2:23 PM
To: Bill.Johnson
Cc: Sedlacek, Michael; Grimes, James
Subject: Goldsim inaccurately predicts existing conditions, unlikely to accurately predict future project conditions

To: Polymet EIS Co-leads

2013-07-02

From: John Coleman, GLIFWC

Re: Goldsim inaccurately predicts existing conditions, unlikely to accurately predict future project conditions

While we feel that modeling of the existing conditions is an inadequate substitute for a realistic No-Action Alternative model and does not follow CEQ guidelines, it appears that Goldsim does not even accurately model existing conditions. As we noted in our spreadsheet comments submitted June 25th, for many parameters at several water bodies the No-Action P50 model of annual average value is substantially different than the observed average existing conditions. Because of the inaccuracy of the Goldsim predictions of current conditions it is not clear that use of the Goldsim estimates of project impacts are adequate to ensure protection of water resources.

For example:

- -PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-18 reports Colby Lake as currently having an observed mean Arsenic of 0.78 to 1.4 ug/L (depending on the data set), whereas Figure 5.2.2-35, the No-Action (continuation of current conditions) P50 model for

- Colby Lake Arsenic shows annual maximum values of 0.5 ug/L.
- PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-34 reports PM-10 (seep at the basin north toe) as having an observed mean Mn value of 100,192 ug/L, whereas Figure F-01-18.1 (Water Modeling Data Package Vol 2-Plant Site v9 MAR2013) shows the No-Action (continuation of existing conditions) P50 as an annual maximum Mn of 390 ug/L. at the north toe.
 - PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-34 reports PM-10 as having an observed mean Aluminum of 39.6 ug/L yet Figure F-01-02.1 (Water Modeling Data Package Vol 2-Plant Site v9 MAR2013) shows an annual maximum for No-Action (continuation of existing conditions) at the north toe as 11 ug/L.
 - PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-14 shows that observed average SO4 at SW-005 (9.11 mg/L) is nearly identical to the Goldsim P50 predicted current annual maximum for that site (PSDEIS Fig. 5.2.2-27, 9 mg/L). This suggests that Goldsim is under-predicting SO4 at SW-005. (The authors of the text on page 5.2.2-125 of the PSDEIS seem to misinterpret the P50 of the figure as a predicted annual average. This is not the case. The P50 of that figure is the "best" estimate of the annual maximum. The Goldsim model estimate of the annual average at SW-005 is shown as the P50 in Mine Site Data Package Attachment K Figure K-06-24.2, i.e. 6 mg/L) Again this suggests that Goldsim is underpredicting SO4 at SW-005.
 - PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-29 shows that observed average Al at PM-13 is 221 ug/L. This observed average is much higher than the modeled No-Action (continuation of existing conditions) P50 annual maximum (PSDEIS Table 5.2.2-47, 159-166 ug/L). The modeled No-Action P50 annual average for Al at PM-13 of 75 ug/L (attached Fig.I-05-02.2, Water Modeling Data Package Vol 2-Plant Site v9 MAR2013) is only 1/3 of the observed average.

The tables below compare the observed existing conditions values found in various PSDEIS tables to the P50 existing conditions predicted by Goldsim. While a very few of these model predictions are presented in the PSDEIS, many are not and therefore, the tables below refer back to the underlying data packages from which the PSDEIS was written.

Observed existing conditions in the Partridge River vs. annual average existing conditions predicted by Goldsim.

Parameter (ug/L)	Average existing water quality (PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-14)	Annual average P50 existing conditions predicted by Goldsim (Mine Site Data Package Attach.K)
Mn	SW-002 = 142	SW002 = 80 (Fig.K-01-18.2)
Tl	SW-002 = 0.6	SW002 = 0.11 (Fig.K-01-25.2)
Mn	SW-003 = 147	SW003 = 85 (Fig.K-02-18.2)
B	SW-004a = 126.5	SW004a = 30 (Fig.K-04-05.2)
K	SW-004a = 2,700	SW004a = 1,600 (Fig.K-04-16.2)
SO4	SW-004a = 15,900	SW004a = 8,000 (Fig.K-04-24.2)
Pb	SW-005 = 1.3	SW005 = 0.26 (Fig.K-06-21.2)

SO4	SW-005 = 9,110	SW005 = 6,000 (Fig.K-06-24.2)
Tl	SW-005 = 0.4	SW005 = 0.05 (Fig.K-06-25.2)

Observed mean existing conditions in Colby Lake vs. annual average existing conditions predicted by Goldsim.

Parameter (ug/L)	Colby Lake mean existing water quality (PSDEIS Table 4.2.2-18, Barr data)	Colby Lake Annual average P50 existing conditions predicted by Goldsim (Mine Site Data Package Attach.K)
Al	108	75 (Fig.K-08-02.2)
As	0.78	0.4 (Fig.K-08-04.2)
Cu	2.4	0.7 (Fig.K-08-13.2)
Ni	2.5	1.1 (Fig.K-08-20.2)
SO4	33,800	~10,000 (Fig.K-08-24.2)
Tl	0.1	0.025 (Fig.K-08-25.2)

Observed mean existing conditions at the tailings basin toe vs. annual maximum existing conditions predicted by Goldsim. (Goldsim predicted mean concentrations are not provided in Modeling Data Package Vol 2-Plant Site v9 MAR2013)

Parameter (ug/L)	Mean seep measured value at Basin Toe (Table 4.2.2-34)	Annual <u>maximum</u> P50 existing condition predicted by Goldsim (Plant Site Data Package Attach.F)
Al	PM-8 = 25.7	West toe = 14 (Fig.F-04-02.1)
AL	PM-9 = 29.9	NW toe = 13 (Fig.F-02-02.1)
AL	PM-10 = 39.6	North toe = 11 (Fig.F-01-02.1)
Mn	PM-8 = 3,039	West toe = 1,250 (Fig.F-04-18.1)
Mn	PM-10 = 100,192	North toe = 380 (Fig.F-01-18.1)
F	PM-8 = 2,900	West toe = 1,100 (Fig.F-04-14.1)
As	PM-8 = 3	West toe = 2 (Fig.F-04-04.1)
B	PM-10 = 379	North toe = 330 (Fig.F-01-05.1)
Pb	PM-10 = 1.3	North toe = 1 (Fig.F-01-21.1)

The above examples are not an exhaustive list of discrepancies between observed existing water quality data and the Goldsim P50 prediction of the No-Action alternative (continuation of existing conditions) but highlight some of the most notable discrepancies. What the discrepancies demonstrate is that the Goldsim model is a relatively poor predictor of current conditions. If a model is unable to accurately predict current conditions it is even less likely to accurately predict future Project

conditions. The Goldsim models need to be better calibrated to existing conditions (the calibration effort reported in "Calibration of the Existing Natural Watershed at the Plant Site v4 MAR2012" only compared model output to upstream site PM-12 and apparently did a poor job of preparing the models to predict either the lower reaches of the Embarrass or the Partridge River.) and model results recalculated.

Thank you for considering this issue while revising the PSDEIS.

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John Coleman, Madison Office of the Great Lakes Indian Fish & Wildlife
Commission

U.W.-Madison Land Information and Computer Graphics Facility

550 Babcock Drive, Room B102

Madison, WI 53706

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